1. In 1850 to 1905 what happened to Russia? Russia doubled in population
2. Former serfs and former state peasants where about how much of the population? About 4/5 of the population
3. What products did Russia produce in 1890? Russia produced coal, iron, steel, and textiles.
4. Which czar freed all the serfs in Russia? Czar Alexander II
5. What happened after alexander issued the proclamation? The serfs fell into debt and the former serf owners didn’t know how to farm so they fell into debt also

<http://countrystudies.us/russia/6.htm>

1. Who was involved in the Crimean war? Russia and the ottoman empire
2. What happened in 1867? The united states bought Alaska from Russia
3. What happens in 1881? Alexander II was assassinated and was succeeded by Alexander III who enacts the anti-terrorist laws

<http://www.scaruffi.com/politics/russians.html>

1. Why did the Crimean war last for three years? It lasted for three years because the Russians were stronger than the ottomans
2. What upper hand did Russia have over her enemies in the Crimean war? In 1833 Russia wins a hidden advantage over the other European powers. In a secret clause of a treaty signed at Unkiar Skelessi the Turks grant an eight-year agreement that in a crisis the Straits will be closed to all warships except those of Russia

<http://www.historyworld.net/wrldhis/PlainTextHistories.asp?historyid=aa47>