1. Preparation: Take test on the following website.

<http://quizlet.com/3414681/ap-world-history-chapter-13-the-spread-of-chinese-civilization-japan-korea-and-vietnam-flash-cards>

1. Answer the following questions:
2. Which order is correct?
	1. Xia, Shang, Zhou, Qin
	2. Shang, Zhou, Xia, Qin
	3. Zhou, Qin, Shang, Xia
	4. Xia, Shang, Qin, Zhou
3. Three philosophies coming out of China were:
	1. Stoicism, Buddhism, Daoism
	2. Legalism, Daoism, Confucianism
	3. Confucianism, Daoism, Mahayana Buddhism
	4. Confucianism, Laozism, Legalism
4. Liu Bang started the
	1. Ming Dynasty
	2. Meiji Restoration
	3. Han Dynasty
	4. Silla Empire
5. The Mongols eventually conquered
	1. Poland
	2. Hungary
	3. Roman Catholicism
	4. Kievian Russia
6. The Sui Dynasty was known for construction of the
	1. Grand Canal
	2. Terra Cotta soldiers
	3. Great Wall of China
	4. Beijing Market
7. The Tang made \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_their capital and the largest city in the world in the 700s and 800s
	1. Beijing
	2. Xi’an
	3. Hong Kong
	4. Athens
8. “A Song of War Chariots” was
	1. Written by Li Bo (Li Po)
	2. A poem glorifying war
	3. Detailing the brutal and harsh nature of the frontier wars
	4. Sung by school children up to the time of Mao
9. Empress Wun
	1. Was against Buddhism
	2. Created Zen Buddhism
	3. Was a member of the Qin Dynastic family
	4. Was the only female to hold the Chinese throne in her own name
10. Neo-Confucianism
	1. Reemphasized the concept of Chinese ethics
	2. Fizzled out after only a couple of decades
	3. Gained a strong foothold amongst the poor
	4. Supported Buddhist monastic life
11. The Sung Dynasty
	1. Was often threatened by religious migrants from India
	2. Was often threatened from Mongolian invasions from the North
	3. Was ruthless and squashed all threats
	4. Was often threatened by American Imperialism
12. The Qidan were
	1. Abused by Empress Wu
	2. Minority Chinese given power by the Emperor
	3. Mongolians who had taken Manchuria
	4. The founders of the city of Beijing
13. Sung China exported great amounts of
	1. Silver, amber, paper
	2. Fireworks, lead, gold
	3. Jewels, silver, copper
	4. Silver, gold, porcelain
14. The Civil Service Exam
	1. Was very hard to cheat on
	2. Encouraged only the wealthiest applicants to pass
	3. Was a low level test anyone could pass
	4. Was subject to bribery
15. The world’s first known printed book was
	1. The Bible
	2. The Diamond Sutra
	3. The Koran
	4. The DaVinci Code
16. Tenant Farmers
	1. Owned their own land
	2. Took on tenants to increase their profit
	3. Rented their land from wealthy landowners
	4. Were exempt from taxes
17. Footbinding became popular because
	1. It showed male control over the female
	2. It became universally accepted
	3. It showed wealth because men’s wives did not need to do housework
	4. It had its roots from ancient China
18. Kublai Khan
	1. Defeated Japan
	2. Was defeated by Korea
	3. Bore the son Genghis
	4. Created the Yuan Dynasty in China
19. Which dynasty had the most trade contact, increased maintenance of trade routes, and was most encouraging of foreign investment?
	1. Yuan
	2. Silla
	3. Tokugawa
	4. Xia
20. *Kamikaze*
	1. was the name of the Japanese Gods in the Shinto religion
	2. was credited with defending Japan from the Mongol fleet ready to invade
	3. was most associated with the Khmer Empire
	4. came into first use in World War II
21. The Fujiwara
	1. Gave their name to the sacred Mt. Fuji
	2. Was from the powerful Minamoto clan
	3. Was the first family to rule Japan
	4. Created the code of behavior known as Bushido
22. From top to bottom, what is the correct order
	1. Shogun, Samurai, Peasant, Daimyo, Emperor
	2. Emperor, Daimyo, Shogun, Samurai, Peasant
	3. Emperor, Shogun, Samurai, Daimyo, Peasant
	4. Emperor, Shogun, Daimyo, Samurai, Peasant
23. Zen Buddhism taught
	1. Salvation through Enlightenment rather than Faith
	2. The importance of Filial Piety
	3. The significance of loyalty to the hierarchy
	4. The tenants of Stoic philosophy
24. The Korean peninsula was first established as
	1. The Silla
	2. The Choson
	3. The Jomon
	4. The Harrapa
25. Korea became a Chinese colony under the
	1. Sung
	2. Qin
	3. Han
	4. Yuan
26. The Silla used the Tang Emperor to
	1. Increase trade amongst its merchants
	2. Defend against Fujiwara aggression
	3. Unify their empires to create a strong trade bloc
	4. Defeat the Paekche and Koguryo armies in Korea
27. In 1392, the Koreans
	1. Created the Yi dynasty which lasted until 1910
	2. Became victims of the Mongol invasion
	3. Defeated Japan with their turtle boats
	4. Fended off Chinese aggression
28. During the period of three kingdoms
	1. Korea adopted Confucian ideals
	2. Buddhism became Korea’s state religion
	3. Korea banned religious practice when it interfered with trade
	4. Zen Buddhism was denied as a ‘false Buddhism’
29. Korean social structure
	1. Was fairly egalitarian
	2. Copied that of its neighboring China
	3. Maintained a very powerful (yet small) upper class, and a very impoverished lower class
	4. Was dependent upon the meritocracy set up by the civil service exam
30. Sejong was credited with
	1. Standardizing weights and measures
	2. Separating Korea culturally from China
	3. Unifying North and South Korea
	4. Ordering the development of the Korean alphabet
31. Cambodia’s architectural wonder is known as
	1. Angkor Wat
	2. Taj Mahal
	3. Sophia Hajj
	4. The Gherkin

Short Answer

31-35 Describe the role of the Gandhi’s role in South Asian politics.

36-40 Describe the influence of Mao Tsedong on Asia as a whole.

41-45 What role did “the west” play on Asian culture in the 1800s?

46-50 What was the Japanese Miracle? Why did it happen?